## §558.579

- (7) Chukar partridges—(i) Amount per ton. Sulfadimethoxine 113.5 grams (0.0125 percent) plus ormetoprim 68.1 grams (0.0075 percent).
- (ii) *Indications for use*. For prevention of coccidiosis caused by *Eimeria kofoidi* and *E. legionensis*.
- (iii) *Limitations*. Feed continuously to young birds up to 8 weeks of age as sole ration.

[40 FR 13959, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 42 FR 13550, Mar. 11, 1977; 49 FR 33442, Aug. 23, 1984; 49 FR 46371, Nov. 26, 1984; 51 FR 7400, Mar. 3, 1986; 51 FR 18884, May 23, 1986; 52 FR 2686, Jan. 26, 1987; 54 FR 1686, Jan. 17, 1989; 63 FR 27846, May 21, 1998; 64 FR 26672, May 17, 1999; 64 FR 43910, Aug. 12, 1999; 66 FR 46707, Sept. 7, 2001]

## §558.579 Sulfaethoxypyridazine.

- (a) Approvals. Type A medicated articles: 5.5 percent for swine, and 5.5 and 11 percent for cattle to 010042 in \$510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (b) Related tolerances. See §556.650 of this chapter.
- (c) *Conditions of use.* It is used in animal feed as follows:
- (1) Swine—(i) Amount. 25 milligrams per pound body weight per day.
- (ii) *Indications for use.* For treatment of bacterial scours, pneumonia, enteritis, bronchitis, septicemia accompanying *Salmonella choleraesuis* infection.
- (iii) *Limitations.* Administer 1,000 grams per ton (0.11 percent) for not less than 4 days nor more than 10 days; do not treat within 10 days of slaughter; as sole source of sulfonamide; for use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.
- (2) *Cattle*—(i) *Amount.* 25 milligrams per pound body weight per day.
- (ii) *Indications for use.* For treatment of respiratory infections (pneumonia, shipping fever), foot rot, calf scours; as adjunctive therapy in septicemia accompanying mastitis and metritis.
- (iii) *Limitations*. Administer as a top dressing or in mixed feed for 4 days; do not treat within 16 days of slaughter; as sole source of sulfonamide; milk that has been taken from animals during treatment and for 72 hours (6 milkings) after the latest treatment

must not be used for food; for use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[41 FR 11005, Mar. 15, 1976, as amended at 51 FR 7400, Mar. 3, 1986; 52 FR 2686, Jan. 26, 1987]

## §558.582 Sulfamerazine.

- (a) *Approvals.* Type A medicated articles: 99 percent to 046573 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (b) Related tolerances. See §556.660 of this chapter.
- (c) *Conditions of use.* It is used in fish feed for rainbow trout, brook trout, and brown trout as follows:
- (1) *Amount.* 10 grams of sulfamerazine per 100 pounds of fish per day.
- (2) Indications for use. Control of furunculosis.
- (3) *Limitations.* Treat for not more than 14 days; do not treat within 3 weeks of marketing or stocking in stream open to fishing.
- [41 FR 11005, Mar. 15, 1976, as amended at 51 FR 7400, Mar. 3, 1986; 61 FR 18082, Apr. 24, 1996; 63 FR 27846, May 21, 1998; 66 FR 46707, Sept. 7, 2001]

## § 558.586 Sulfaquinoxaline.

- (a) *Specifications*. Type A medicated articles containing 40 percent sulfaquinoxaline.
- (b) Approvals. See No. 059130 in  $\S510.600$ (c) of this chapter.
- (c) Special considerations. (1) For control of outbreaks of disease, medication should be initiated as soon as the diagnosis is determined. Medicated chickens, turkeys, and rabbits must actually consume enough medicated feed which provides a recommended dose of approximately 3.5 to 60 milligrams per pound per day in chickens, 2.5 to 100 milligrams per pound per day in turkeys, and 2.8 to 68 milligrams per pound per day in rabbits depending upon age and class of animal, ambient temperature, and other factors. Consult a veterinarian or poultry pathologist for diagnosis.
  - (2) [Reserved]
- (d) *Conditions of use*. It is used as follows:
- (1) Chickens—(i) Amount. 0.015 percent.
- (a) Indications for use. As an aid in preventing outbreaks of coccidiosis caused by Eimeria tenella, E. necatrix, E. acervulina, E. maxima, and E. brunetti under average conditions of exposure.